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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/576,959	01/26/2007	Thomas Beckmann	095309.57591US	2794
23911 7590 05/11/2009 CROWELL & MORING LLP INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY GROUP P.O. BOX 14300 WASHINGTON, DC 20044-4300				
EXAMINER				
TRAN, DIEM T				
ART UNIT		PAPER NUMBER		
3748				
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary**Application No.**

10/576,959

Applicant(s)

BECKMANN ET AL.

Examiner

DIEM TRAN

Art Unit

3748

Period for Reply -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12/22/08.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 16-39 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☒ Claim(s) 29 and 31 is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 16-28, 30, 32-35 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☒ Claim(s) 36-39 is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☒ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/S5108)
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application
- 6) ☐ Other: _____
- Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____

DETAILED ACTION

This office action is in response to the amendment filed on 12/22/08. In the amendment, claims 16, 28, 29, 34, 35 have been amended, claims 1-15 have been canceled and claims 36-39 have been added. Overall, claims 16-39 are pending in this application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 16, 26-28, 33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pott (US Patent 6,164,064) in view of Binder et al. (US Patent 6,766,642).

Regarding claims 16, 28, 33, Pott discloses an internal combustion engine having an exhaust-gas purification system, comprising:

a nitrogen oxide storage catalytic converter (3); a control unit wherein the control unit is programmed to supply the nitrogen oxide storage catalytic converter in a first operating mode with exhaust gas from the internal combustion engine containing an excess of oxidizing constituents, in a second operating mode with exhaust gas containing an excess of reducing constituents, and in a third operating mode, established for a predetermined period after the first operating mode and before the second operating mode, with a constant exhaust gas composition which has a lower content of oxidizing constituents than the first operating mode and a lower content of reducing constituents than the second operating mode (see Figures 1, 2); however,

fails to disclose a SCR catalyst downstream of the NOx storage device. Binder teaches that a SCR catalyst (8) is located downstream of a NOx storage device (7) (see Figure 1).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have utilized the teaching of Binder in the Pott system, since the use thereof would have further reduced harmful NOx emissions in the exhaust gas.

Regarding claim 26, Binder further teaches that an oxidation catalyst (5) is connected upstream of the SCR catalytic converter (8) (see Figure 1).

Regarding claim 27, Binder further teaches that a particulate filter (6) connected upstream of the SCR catalytic converter (8) (see Figure 1).

Claims 17-25, 30, 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pott et al. (US Patent 6,164,064) in view of Binder et al. (US Patent 6,766,642) as applied to claims 16, 28 above, and further in view of Kupe et al. (US Patent 6,832,473).

Regarding claims 17-20, 22, 30, the modified Pott system discloses all the claimed limitations as discussed in claims 16, 28 above, however, fails to disclose that the nitrogen oxide storage catalytic converter includes a first NOx storage catalytic converter element and a second NOx storage catalytic converter element is connected in parallel with the first nitrogen oxide storage catalytic converter element. Kupe teaches that a first NOx storage catalytic converter element and a second NOx storage catalytic converter element are connected in parallel with the first nitrogen oxide storage catalytic converter element (see Figure 5).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have utilized the teaching of Kupe in the modified Pott system, since the use thereof would have maintained the drivability and engine performance during NOx regeneration.

Regarding claims 21, 23, the modified Pott system discloses all the claimed limitations as discussed in claim 16 above, however, fails to disclose that a gas delivery device is operable to deliver a gas stream to the nitrogen oxide storage catalytic converter when the nitrogen oxide storage catalytic converter is operating in rich operating mode. Kupe teaches that a gas delivery device is operable to deliver a gas stream to a NOx storage catalytic converter in rich operating mode to regenerate the NOx storage catalyst (see Figure 5).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have utilized the teaching of Kupe in the modified Pott system, since the use thereof would have provided an effective means to supply reducing agent into the exhaust gas for regenerating the NOx storage catalyst.

Regarding claims 24, 25, 32, Kupe further discloses that the gas delivery device is fuel reformer (see Figure 2).

Claim 34 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pott et al. (US Patent 6,164,064) in view of Binder et al. and Kupe et al. as applied to claim 32 above, and further in view of Laroo et al. (US Patent 6,779,339).

The modified Pott system discloses all the claimed limitations as discussed in claim 32 above, however, fails to disclose that a temperature of the NO_x storage catalytic converter element is controlled by adjusting the switching device. Laroo teaches that a temperature of NO_x storage catalytic converter element is controlled by adjusting a switching device (see col. 16, lines 45-46, 55-58).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to have utilized the teaching of Laroo in the modified Pott system, since the use thereof would have maintained the NO_x storage catalyst at an effective temperature for better reducing harmful NO_x emissions in the exhaust gas.

Claim 35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pott et al. in view of Binder et al. (US Patent 6,766,642) as applied to claim 33 above, and further in view of Laroo et al. (US Patent 6,779,339).

The modified Pott system discloses all the claimed limitations as discussed in claim 33 above, however, fails to disclose that a temperature of the nitrogen oxide storage catalytic converter element is controlled by adjusting the switching device. Laroo teaches that a temperature of the nitrogen oxide storage catalytic converter element is controlled by adjusting the switching device (see col. 16, lines 45-46, 55-58).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to have utilized the teaching of Laroo in the modified Pott system, since the use thereof would have maintained the NO_x storage catalyst at an effective temperature for better reducing harmful NO_x emissions in the exhaust gas.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 29, 31 are allowed.

Claims 36-39 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed on 12/22/08 have been fully considered but they are moot in view of a new ground(s) of rejection.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication from the examiner should be directed

to Examiner Diem Tran whose telephone number is (571) 272-4866. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday -Friday from 8:00 a.m.- 5:30p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thomas E. Denion, can be reached on (571) 272-4859. The fax number for this group is (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 800-786-9199 (toll-free).

/Diem Tran/
Patent Examiner

/Thomas E. Denion/
Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3748